

CES and NMSBA Present



School Policies & Instruction

Session 1

Block 4

Board Leadership Development

The Board's Role in Policy Making: This is the Board's Primary Duty

- In accordance with NMSA 22-5-4, the Board shall
 - Develop & adopt policies for the district—Policies are based on the district's vision and cover every aspect of the district's operation
 - Employment of staff
 - Administration of student services
 - Educational program
 - Instructional materials
 - School facilities
 - Finance
 - Support services

The Board's Role in Policy Making (continued)

- Evaluate the implementation of policy
 - Can be done through special oversight studies
 - Periodic reports
- The Board gives authority to the superintendent to implement policy
- NMAC 6.29.2.9
 - review district or charter school policies on an annual basis and revise as needed
- The Board delegates administrative and supervisory functions to the local superintendent

Contemporary Issues

• Issues a board may need to address through policy:

- Bullying
- Student safety
 - Crisis response
- LBGT issues
- Eligibility issues
- Discipline issues
- Educational technology
- Transportation issues
- Risk management and school insurance
- Misconduct of a sexual nature
- Changes in legislation

NMSBA support

 New Mexico School Boards have great resources:

- <u>http://www.nmsba.org/policy-service/</u>
- NMSBA contracts with Dr. Donn Williams
- NSBA format
- Policy Advisory group

The Board's Role in the Area of Instruction

• By statute (NM-22-5-4

• The school board will give prior approval for any educational program in a public school in the school district that is to be conducted, sponsored, carried on or caused to be carried on by a private organization or agency.

• By NMAC 6.29.2.9 (the school Board shall..

- review, approve and support the district's EPSS and each school site-level EPSS, or the charter school's EPSS
- delegate administrative and supervisory functions to the local superintendent or charter school administrator;
- refrain from involvement in delegated administrative functions
- award high school graduation diplomas to students who have successfully completed graduation requirements
- ensure the alignment of district or charter school curricula with New Mexico content standards with benchmarks and performance standards

Three Part Curriculum Role

- Adopt a vision and set standards as part of strategic planning
 - Written policies regarding curriculum
 - Curriculum development issues placed on the agenda

Align financial and human resources

- Budget supports professional development, curriculum development and evaluation
- Budget supports instructional materials

Assessment & Accountability procedures are in place

- Frequent reports to the Board from the administration
- Calendar of curriculum related presentations

Board's Role in Evaluating Curriculum

- Ask for reports on various aspects of the curriculum: new programs, new instructional materials, technology in the classroom
- Become familiar with the various tests/assessments and their purpose
 - Evaluation of curriculum
 - Graduation
 - Meeting state or national standards
 - College admission

Board Members in the Classroom?

Follow the district protocol

- Clear your visit with the superintendent
- Supt will inform the principal
- You are there to observe, not evaluate
- If there are concerns, bring them back to the superintendent
- Ask the superintendent to follow up with you or the entire board
- Provide support, encouragement, but don't make promisesremember one board member has no legal authority

Recognition of Schools' Achievement

Ideas to consider:

- Schedule Board meetings at a school site
 - Gives the principal and school community an opportunity to share their successes as well as their needs.
 - Gives the Board a first-hand look at school sites
- Recognition programs
 - For individual teachers
 - For groups ie. Teachers, nurses, etc.
- Let's hear from Master Board members

So you want a new program?

- Stay attuned to the community's needs, desires, wants
 - Understand that schools can only do so much
 - Every new program requires funding and time
 - Can't just keep adding to the program
 - What is the district's main goal
 - Does the new program support the district's vision, mission, strategic plan
- Reminder
 - Board develops policy about instruction, instructional materials and funding
 - The Superintendent is charged with implementing the Board's policies

Whose job is it?

• As you examine each of these six questions, discuss whether this is a superintendent decision, a Board decision, or a shared decision.



Whose Decision Is It?

Creating Board & Superintendent Agreement

- Good governance requires clarity about roles and relationships.
- Effective leadership requires a working agreement about roles.
- Let's see if we agree!

Six Ways to Handle a Decision

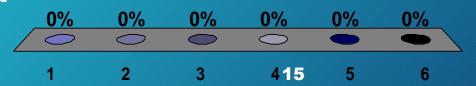
- 1. Administration: Routine decision.
- 2. Administration: Inform the board after decision is made.
- 3. Administration: But, get board's thinking before decision is made.
- 4. School Board: School Board respects Administration recommendation, "makes it official."
- 5. School Board: Board and Superintendent team strive for consensus.
- 6. School Board: (May expect recommendation from Superintendent).



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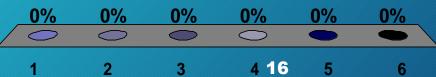
Question A: Close school at noon because of heavy snowfall?

- 1. Administration: Routine decision.
- 2. Administration: Inform the Board after decision is made.
- 3. Administration: Get Board's thinking before decision is made.
- 4. School Board: respect judgment of Superintendent.
- 5. School Board & Superintendent team.
- 6. School Board: may expect recommendation from superintendent.



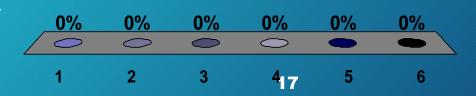
Question D: Hire a new 3rd grade teacher.

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- 3. Administration: Get Board's thinking before decision is made.
- 4. School Board: respect judgment of Superintendent.
- 5. School Board & Superintendent team.
- 6. School Board: may expect recommendation from superintendent.



Question E: Hire a new principal.

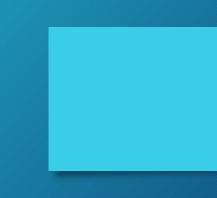
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Question F: Fire popular longtime football coach for poor job performance.

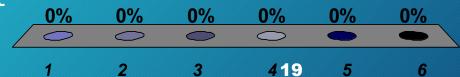
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Question G: Establish priorities, focus and goals for the district for the next school year.

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•Thank you!